

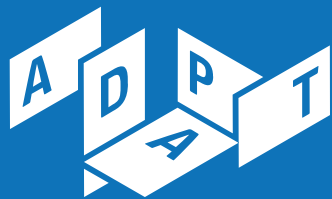


Trinity College Dublin
Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath
The University of Dublin

Plant diversity consistently increased yield in the multisite LegacyNet experiment

James O'Malley, John Finn, Carsten Malisch, Caroline Brophy, the LegacyNet consortium

26/02/2026



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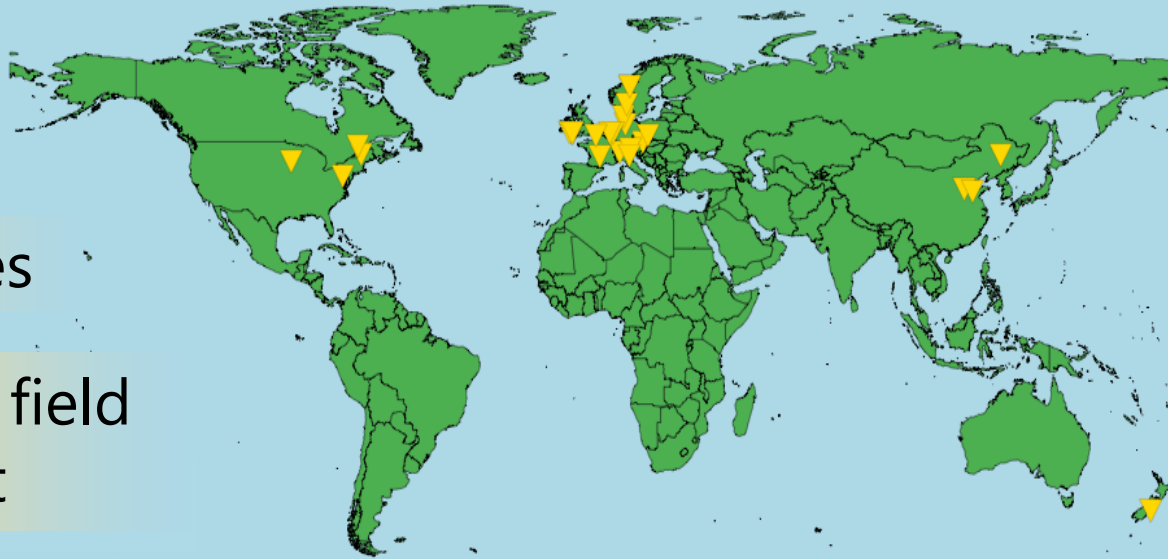
 LegacyNet

The *LegacyNet* network of experiments

26 sites

15 countries

1 common field experiment




6 forage species:
2 grasses,
2 legumes,
2 herbs

Grassland




Follow-on crop

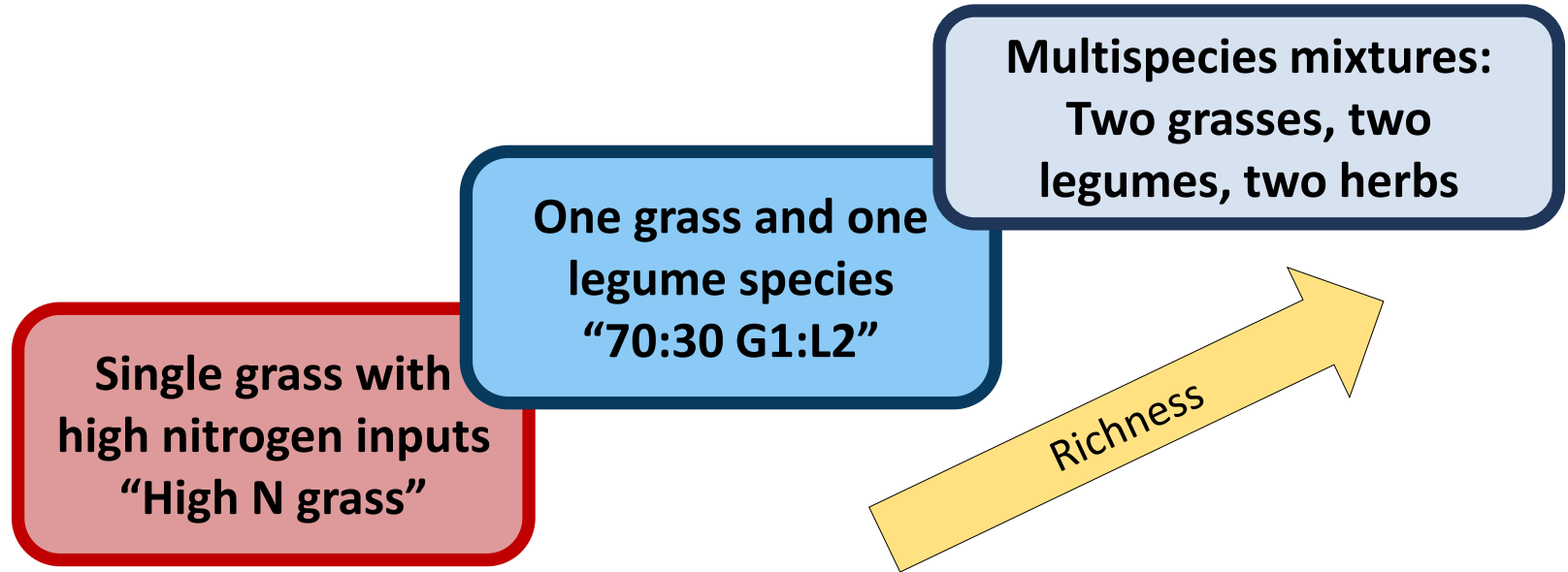
 108.7
kg N ha⁻¹
on average

47 plots:
Monocultures and
mixtures up to six species

5 plots:
Grass
monocultures

260.5
kg N ha⁻¹
on average 

Can we improve the sustainability of productive grasslands *while* maintaining or improving agronomic performance?



Multispecies grasslands produce more yield from lower nitrogen inputs across a climatic gradient

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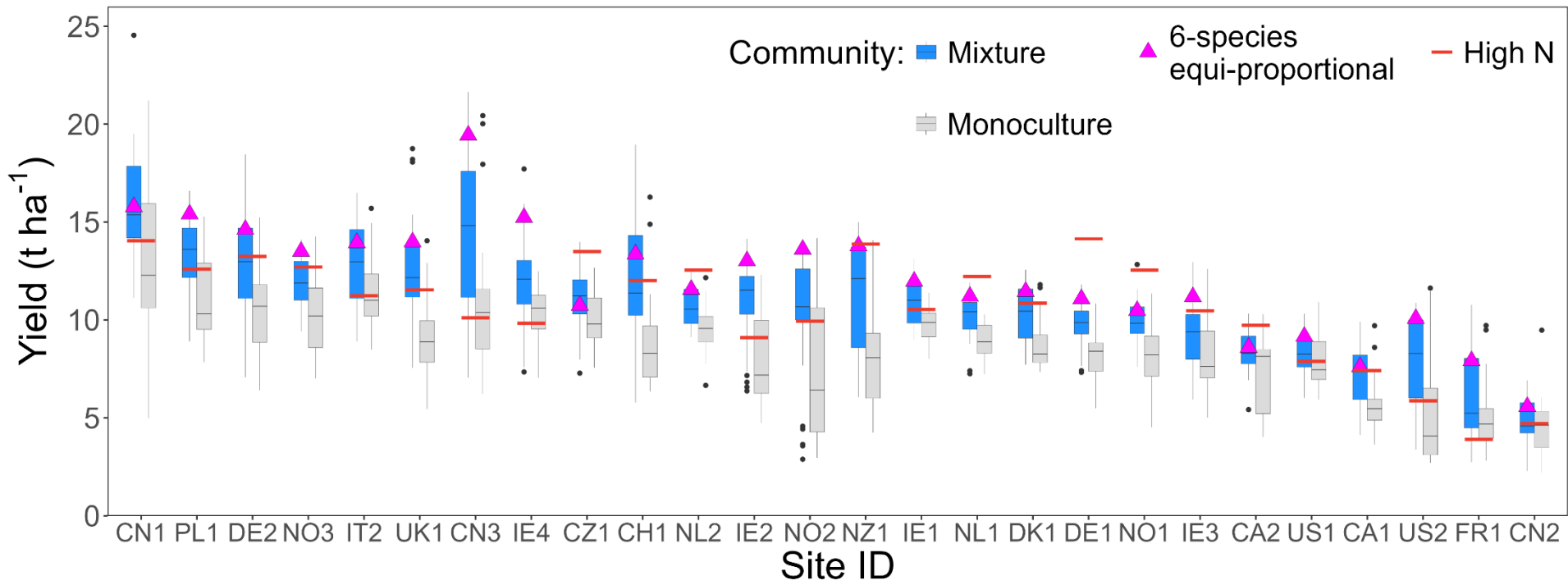
[MARIE-NOËLLE THIVIERGE](#) , [DIEGO ABALOS](#) , [PAUL R. ADLER](#) , [...], AND [CAROLINE BROPHY](#) 

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SCIENCE • 4 Dec 2025 • Vol 391, Issue 6781 • pp. 179-183 • DOI: [10.1126/science.ady0764](https://doi.org/10.1126/science.ady0764)

James O'Malley *et al.*, Multispecies grasslands produce more yield from lower nitrogen inputs across a climatic gradient. *Science* **391**, 179-183 (2026). DOI:[10.1126/science.ady0764](https://doi.org/10.1126/science.ady0764)



Modelling

Nonlinear mixed effects diversity interactions model

$$\begin{aligned} \textit{Yield} = & \text{Identity effects} + \\ & \text{Interaction effects} + \\ & \text{High N effect} + \\ & \text{Temperature effects} + \\ & \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

Modelling

Yield = Identity effects + Interaction effects + High N effect + Temperature effects + ε

Species specific contributions to yield



Grasses x 2

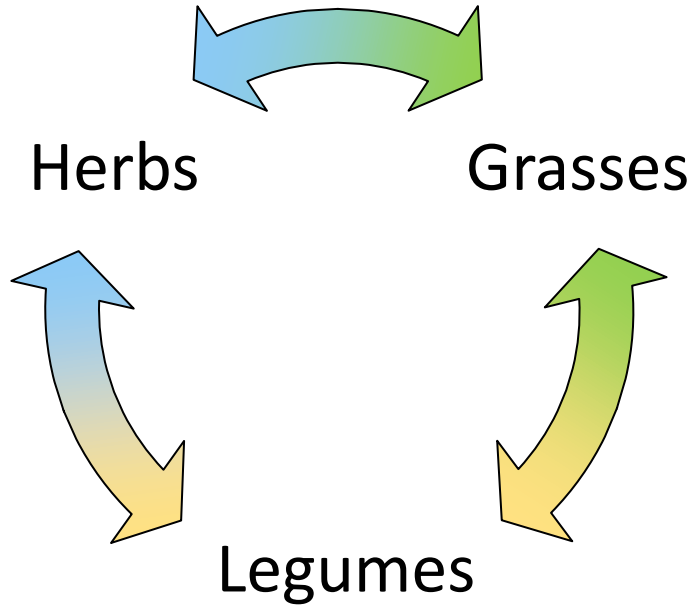
Legumes x 2

Herbs x2

Vary
randomly
across
sites

Modelling

$Yield = \text{Identity effects} + \text{Interaction effects} + \text{High N effect} + \text{Temperature effects} + \varepsilon$



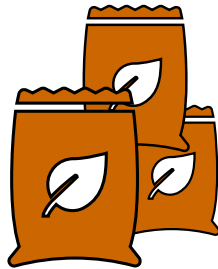
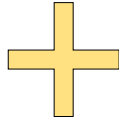
Contribution of **interactions** between species to yield

Driven by functional group membership

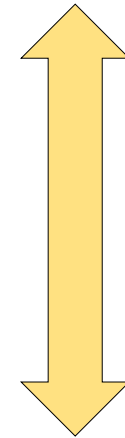
Vary randomly across sites

Modelling

$Yield = \text{Identity effects} + \text{Interaction effects} + \text{High N effect} + \text{Temperature effects} + \varepsilon$



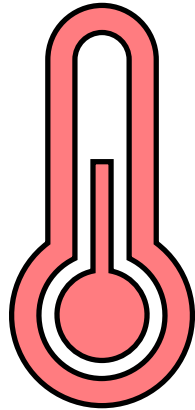
Yield of the
high N grass
monoculture



Vary
randomly
across
sites

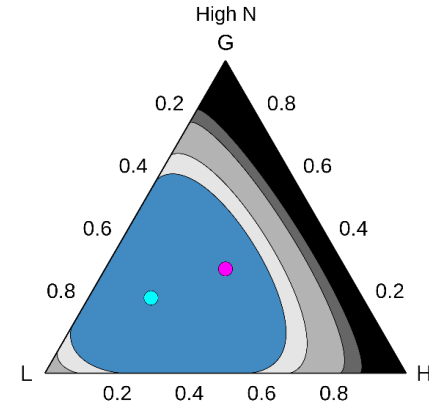
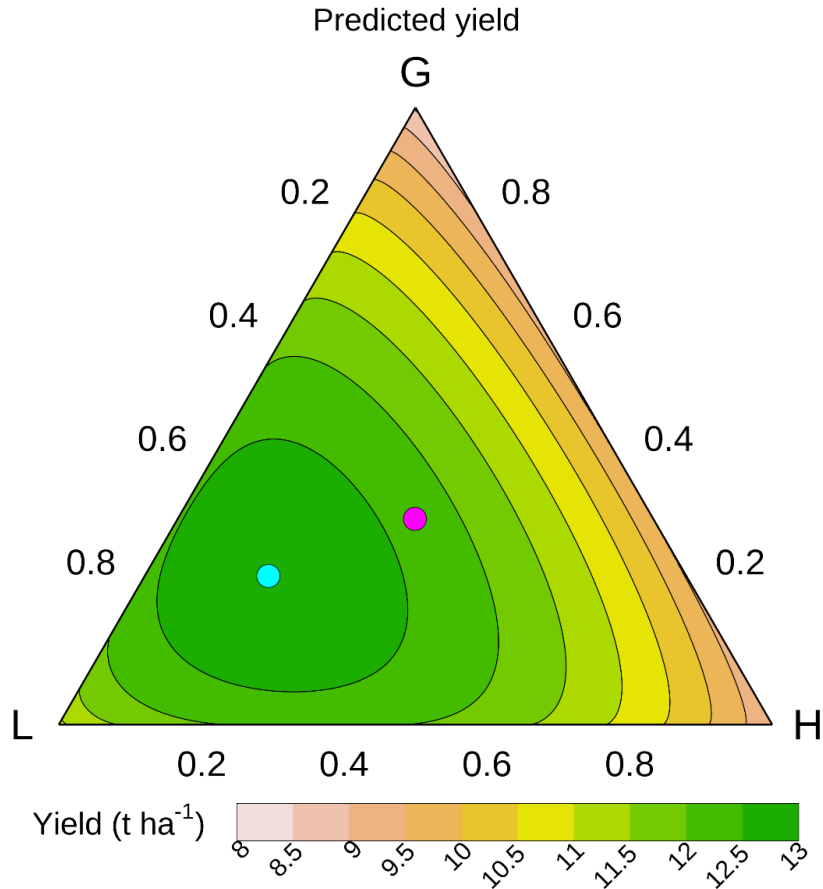
Modelling

Yield = Identity effects + Interaction effects + High N effect + Temperature effects + ε

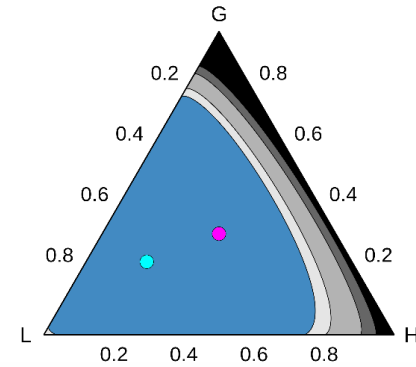


Average daily
temperature across the
experimental period for
each site

Multispecies mixtures outperformed two widely used conventional practices



70:30 G1:L2 community



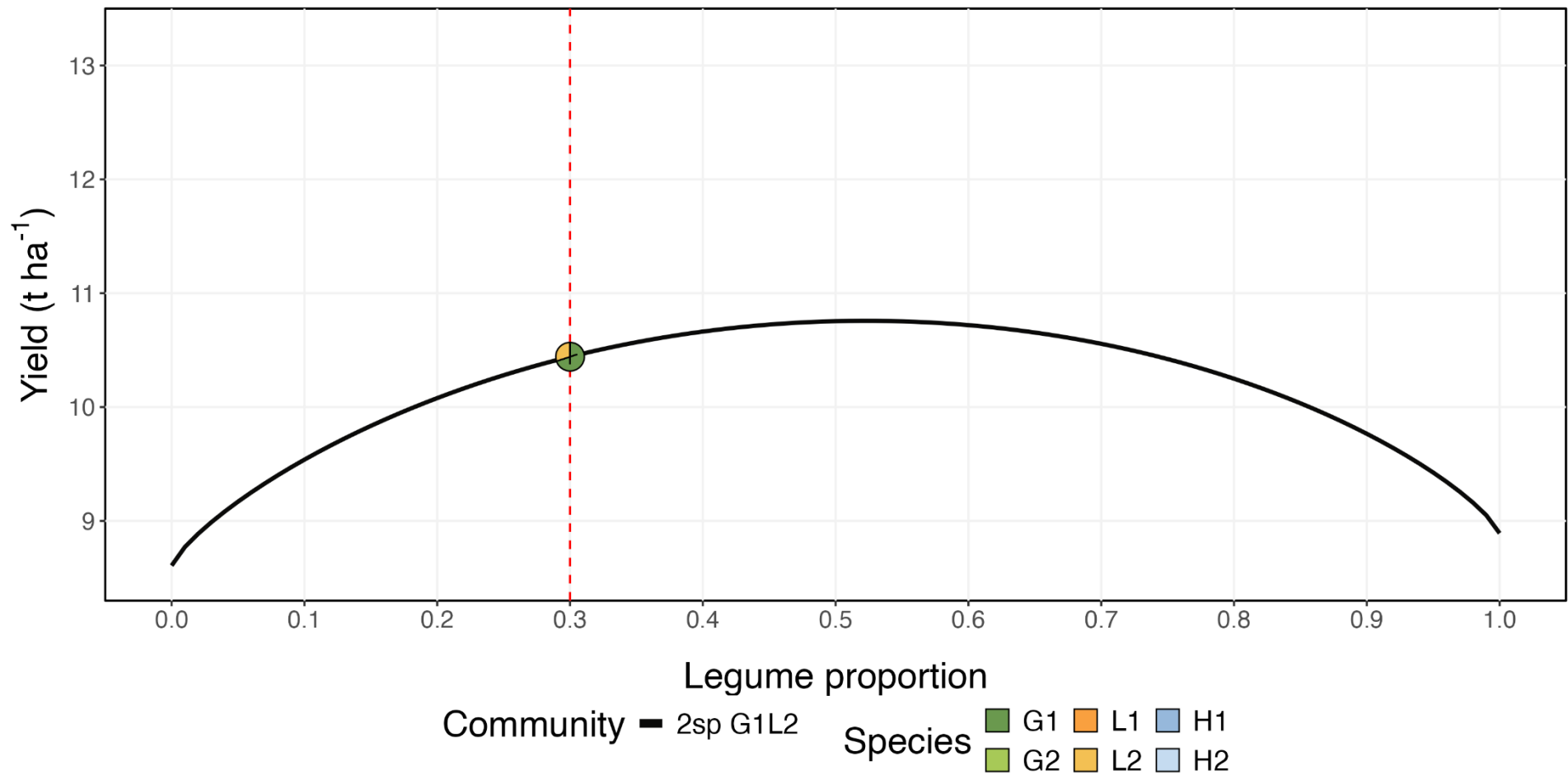
SE range: ■ < -2 ■ [-2, -1) ■ [-1, 1) ■ [1, 2) ■ ≥ 2

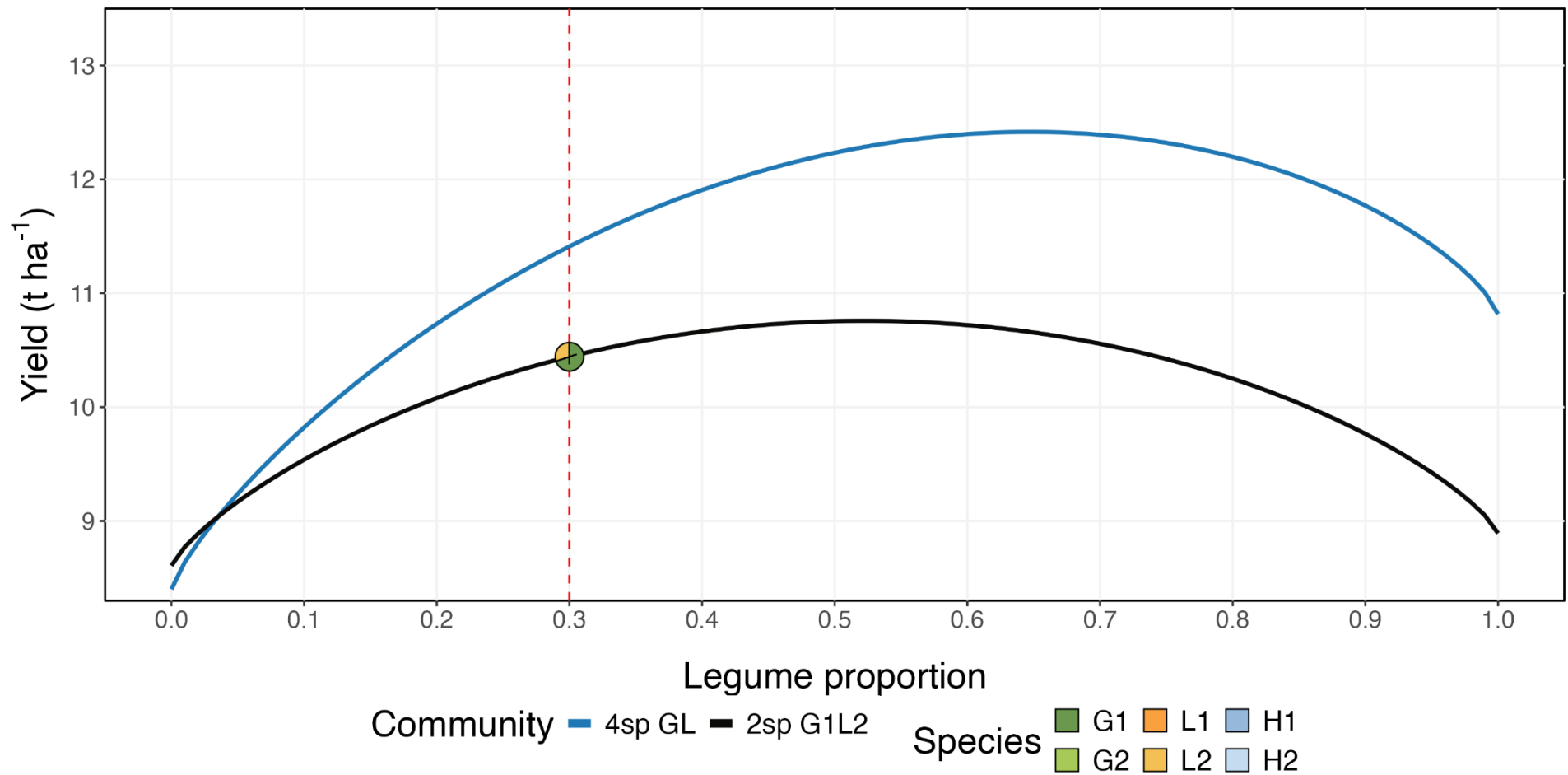
Legumes are important

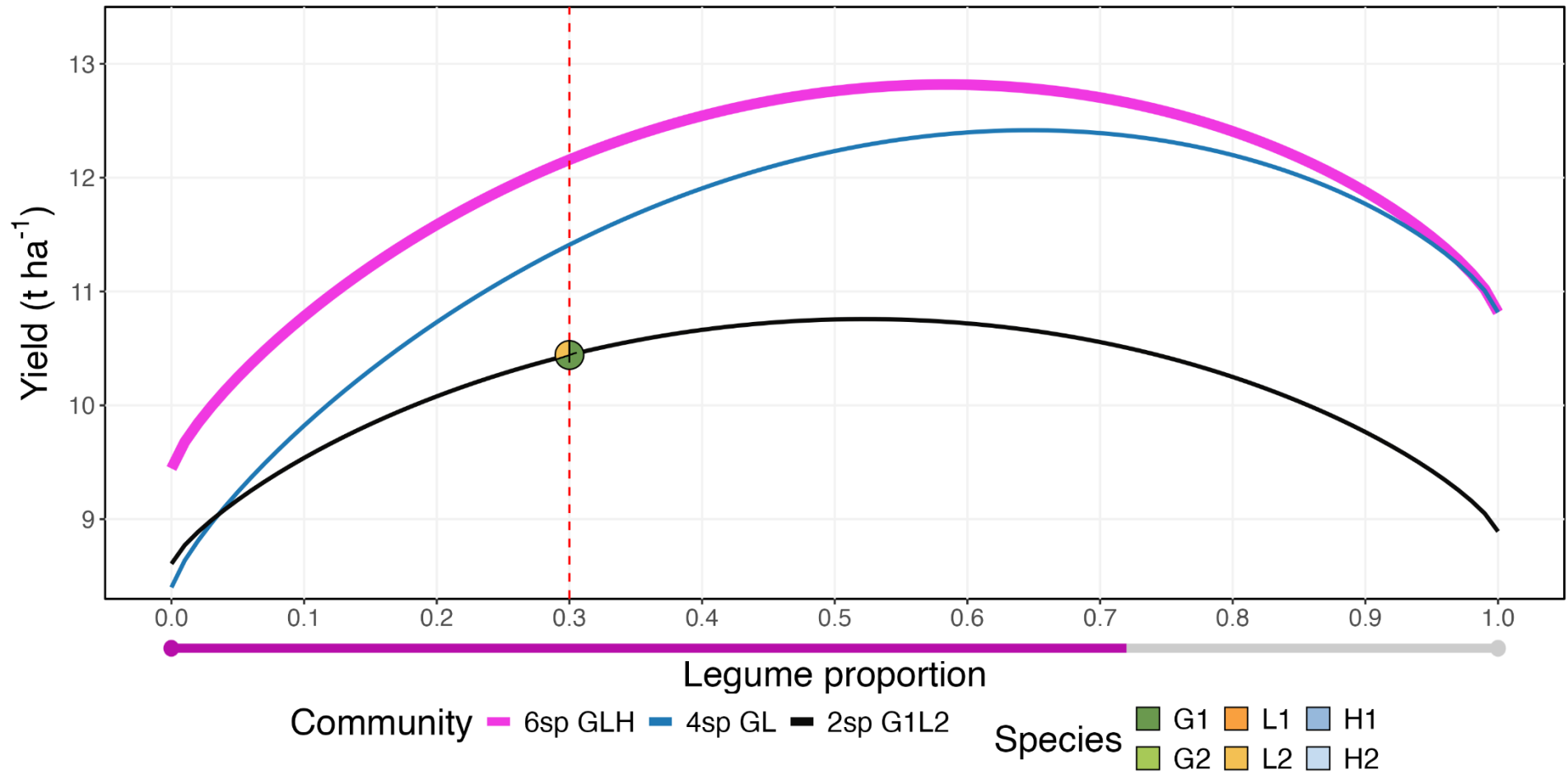
But they are not everything!

When sown with the same proportion of legumes, six-species mixtures > four-species grass-legume > two-species grass-legume (up to about 70% sown legume)





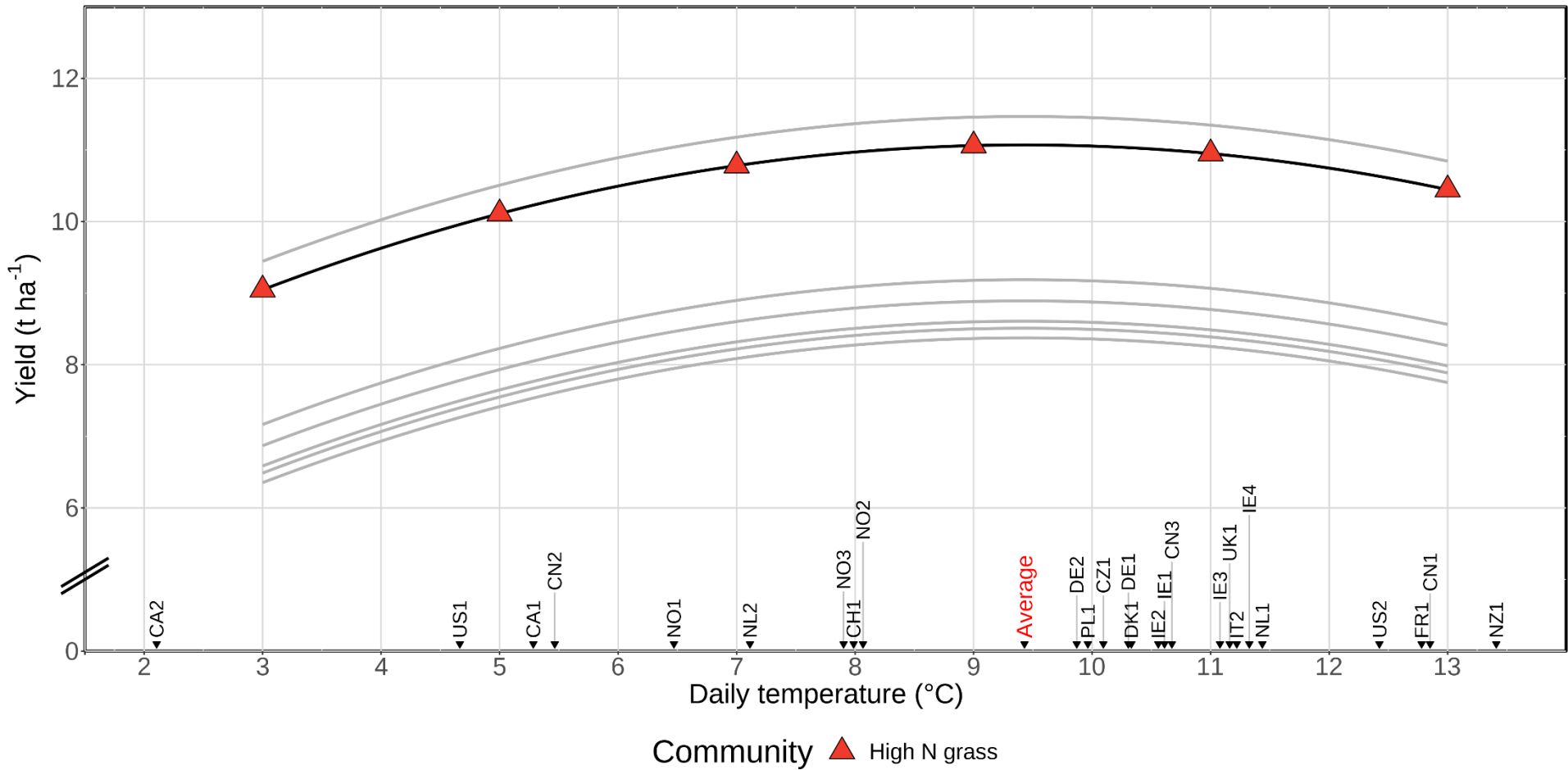


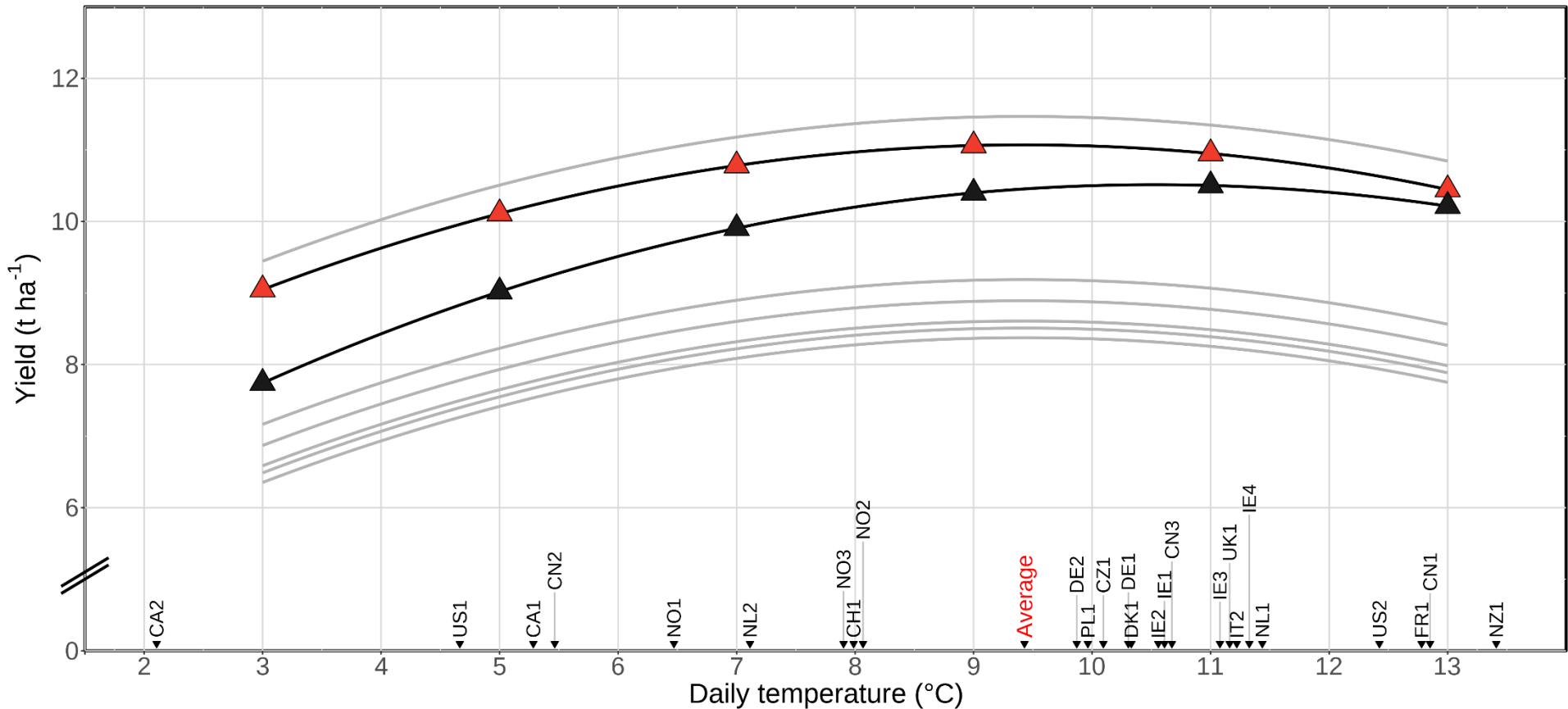


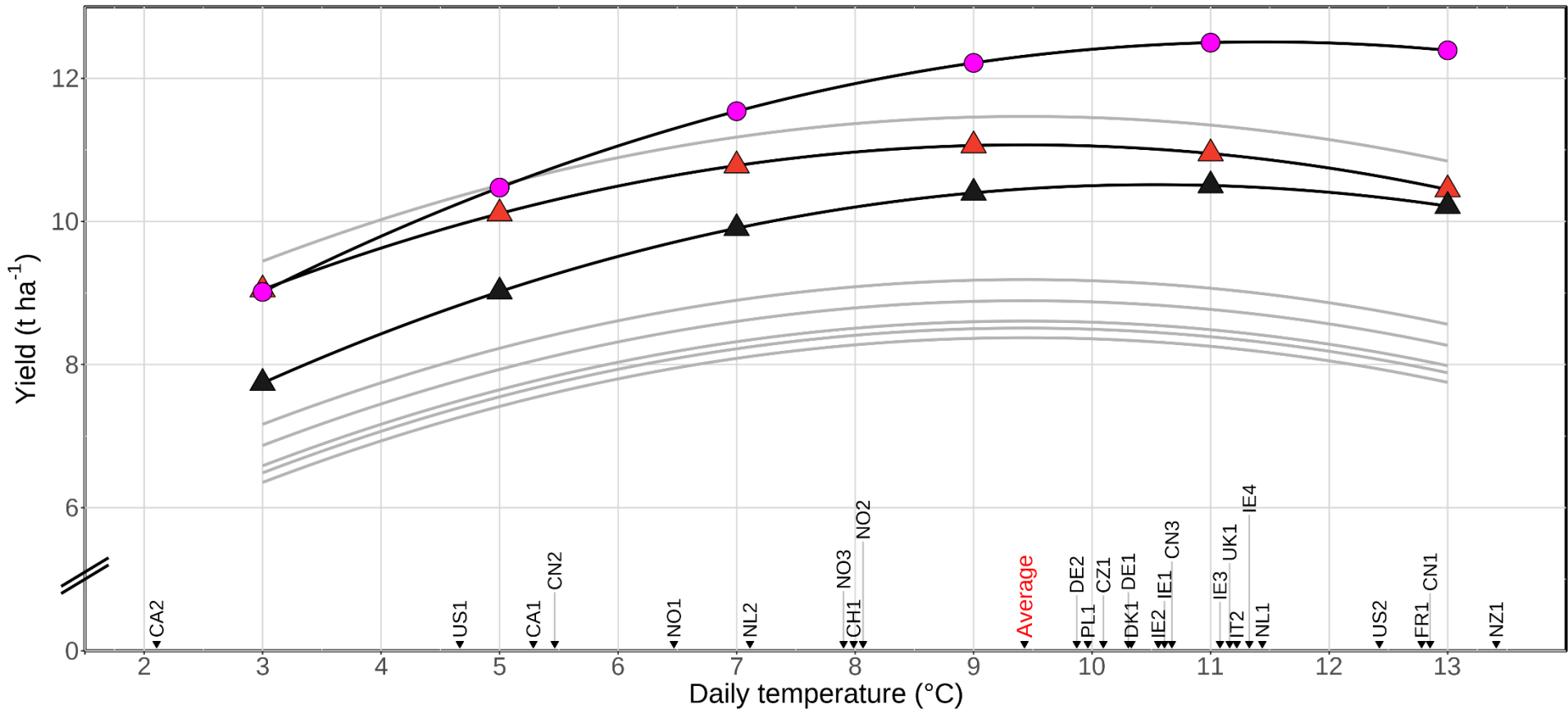
Climate adaptation potential of mixtures

At sites with warmer average temperatures, there were increased yield benefits of more diverse, legume-containing grasslands











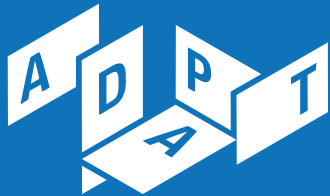
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